AUG 18 2022

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

JULI	A Ç.Æ	hĎrE	Y, CL	ERK
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IN RE:)
REAUTHORIZATION OF VIDEO)
AND TELECONFERENCE HEARINGS)
IN CRIMINAL CASES UNDER THE)
CARES ACT)

STANDING ORDER 2022-16

- 1. In March 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") was enacted authorizing video and teleconferencing under certain circumstances for various criminal proceedings during the COVID-19 emergency. On March 29, 2020, the Judicial Conference of the United States made a finding of the need to conduct such hearings in federal courts generally.
- 2. By Standing Order dated March 30, 2020, the court authorized video and teleconferences in the Western District of Virginia under the CARES Act. Such authorization applied to both criminal proceedings specified in §§ 15002(b)(1) and 15002(b)(2) of the CARES Act, including felony guilty plea and sentencing hearings, as to which the court found that such hearings could not be conducted in person without seriously jeopardizing public health and safety.
- 3. The CARES Act provided the court with authority to conduct criminal proceedings by video and teleconference for up to 90 days and provided for subsequent extensions. The authorization has been extended nine times, and the existing authorization expires on August 19, 2022.

- 4. On February 18, 2022, the President notified Congress that the pandemic continues to cause significant risk to the public health and safety of the nation and published formal notice in the Federal Register continuing the national emergency concerning COVID-19. Because the national emergency has been extended and the Judicial Conference finding of emergency conditions remains in effect, the authorization for the expanded use of video and telephone conferencing under the CARES Act remains available to courts still affected by the pandemic.¹
- 5. Since COVID-19 emerged in 2020, there have been periods of increased cases, hospitalizations, and deaths. In 2021, these COVID-19 metrics surged as a result of the Delta variant. During this past winter, the Omicron variant caused another resurgence. After a period of decline, the COVID-19 numbers rose again. As of August 17, 2022, thirty-five counties in this district were listed in the HIGH category of community transmission and seventeen were in the MEDIUM category under the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC") COVID-19 County Check. These numbers have increased over the summer. National CDC data reflects an increase in the number of COVID-19 cases and hospitalizations in July and early August largely due to the Omicron BA 5 variant. Currently, cases are still high but on a slight downward trend.
- 6. As of August 10, 2022, the CDC reports that 223 million people are fully vaccinated, comprising 67.3% of the total national population. In addition, 108 million people, or 48.3% of the population, have received one booster dose of the vaccine and 21 million people 50 and over, or 32.7% have received a second booster dose. In Virginia 72.1% of the population is fully vaccinated as reported by the Virginia Department of Health. Although vaccines have

¹ On July 15, 2022, President Biden extended the public health emergency until October 13, 2022. It is now expected that the public health emergency will be extended again through February 2023.

been made available to persons in detention facilities in this district, the corresponding vaccination rates are far lower. Despite monumental vaccination efforts, the public health emergency persists.

- 7. Pursuant to § 15002(b)(3)(B) of the CARES Act, the court has reviewed the March 30, 2020, June 26, 2020, September 27, 2020, December 22, 2020, March 16, 2021, June 15, 2021, September 24, 2021, February 28, 2022, and May 23, 2022, authorizations for the use of video and teleconferencing and the current public health situation and has concluded that the public health emergency caused by the ongoing coronavirus pandemic requires an extension of the authorization for an additional period of time. In addition, the physical distancing requirements for conducting in-person court proceedings safely limits the court's ability to conduct multiple court proceedings in a given day. As such, the continued use of video and teleconference proceedings provides the court with the requisite flexibility to address a multitude of criminal proceedings, while simultaneously assuring the safety and well-being of all participants.
- 8. In making this determination, the court has requested comment from the United States Attorney, the Federal Public Defender, and the Representative for Criminal Justice Act Panel for the Western District of Virginia, each of whom support reauthorization.
- 9. This reauthorization applies both to the criminal proceedings specified in §§ 15002(b)(1) and 15002(b)(2) of the CARES Act, including felony guilty plea and sentencing hearings, as to which the court continues to find that such hearings cannot be conducted in person without seriously jeopardizing public health and safety.

This reauthorization will expire on November 15, 2022. At that point, pursuant to 10. § 15002(b)(3)(B) of the CARES Act, the court will review the authorization of authority and determine whether to extend the authorization for an additional 90 days.

It is so **ORDERED**.

Entered: August 18, 2022

Chief U.S. District

Judge Date: 2022.08.18 11:08:53

Michael F. Urbanski

Chief United States District Judge